

EQUINE MARE & FOAL

Typical Analysis (88% DM)	As Fed	Dry Matter
Digestible Energy	12.80	14.54
Protein (%)	18.00	20.45
Calcium (%)	1.70	1.70
Phosphorus (%)	0.84	0.95
Magnesium (%)	0.30	0.34
Sodium (%)	0.45	0.51
Chloride (%)	0.66	0.74
Added Salt (%)	1.00	
Lysine (%)	0.87	0.98
Potassium (%)	0.87	0.98
Fibre (%)	7.88	8.95
Fat (%)	6.20	7.04
Vit A IU/Kg	10,056	11,426
Vit D3 IU/Kg	2,500	2,840
Vit E mg/Kg	150.00	170.44
Vit K3 mg/Kg	1.25	1.42
Vit B1 mg/Kg	8.99	10.21

Vit B2 mg/Kg	7.72	8.77
Vit B6 mg/Kg	8.31	9.33
Vit B12 ug/Kg	12.50	14.20
Niacin mg/Kg	85.00	96.58
Biotin ug/Kg	268.00	304.52
Folic Acid mg/Kg	2.030	2.30
Iron mg/Kg	245.68	279.16
Zinc mg/Kg	114.68	130.31
Manganese mg/Kg	129.14	146.74
Copper mg/Kg	30.36	34.49
Cobalt mg/Kg	0.332	0.377
Selenium mg/Kg	0.655	0.744
Molybdenum mg/Kg	0.644	0.731
Iodine mg/Kg	0.840	0.954

Equine Mare & Foal has been formulated to suit the high demands of mares in the last trimester of pregnancy, lactating mares, foals, weanlings and yearlings.

Typical raw materials considered in the formulation of this diet

Steamed Barley, Bran & Pollard, Lupins, Canola & Soybean Meal, Lucerne Meal, Vegetable Oils, Amino Acids, Probiotics, Prebiotics, Calcium, Phosphorus, Species Specific Vitamin Premix, Salt, Sodium Bentonite, Natural Betaine, Antioxidant, Molasses

All raw materials used are steamed cooked prior to the pelleting process

Category	Age	Weight	Kg's Equine Mare & Foal per day
Pregnant mares last trimester	-	550 kg	3.00 - 5.00
Lactating mares (0 - 3 months)	-	500 kg	3.00 - 5.00
Foals (creep feeding)	2 - 5 months	100 - 200 kg	0.50 - 1.50
Weanlings	5 - 12 months	200 - 300 kg	1.50 - 2.50
Yearlings	12 - 18 months	300 - 400 kg	2.50 - 3.50
Senior horses (maintenance - light work)	> 18 - 20 years	450 - 550 kg	2.50 - 3.50
Senior horses (light - moderate work)	> 18 - 20 years	450 - 550 kg	3.00 - 4.00
Increase in body condition	-	450 - 550 kg	3.00 - 4.00

- Senior horses can be fed low protein roughage due to high quality proteins in Mare & Foal. E.g. White chaffs and pasture hays preferred to Lucerne and clover products.
- Feeding levels are intended as a guide only, ensure that clean, cool water and roughage in the form of pasture and/or hay is available at all times.
- Daily roughage intake should make up no less than 1.00% (minimum) - 1.50% (ideal) of the horses live body weight (LBW) to assist in maintaining healthy gut function.
- Pellets fed at levels greater than 1.00% of horses LBW should be fed over 2 or more feeds per day.
- Feeding levels based on other feeds available, body condition and rate of metabolism (good/poor doer) also on the maturity weight of the horse (500 - 550 kg).
- Introduce new feeds or changes to current feeding gradually over a 10 -14 day period.